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Historical Issue of Labor Activity of A. Urinboev

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A B S T R A C T
In the article, Asomiddin Urinboev's life, scientific activity, efforts in collective and organizational work are briefly studied. It is recognized that his contribution to the development of science was also influenced by his team leadership.

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Introduction. Although the scientific activity of Asomiddin Urinbayev and his contribution to the study of the history of Uzbek statehood has not been studied as a separate scientific research object, many studies have been conducted on some of the scholar's translated works. In them, one can find A. Urinbayev's thoughts and comments on the subject.

A. Urinbaev was born on May 15, 1929 in Tashkent into a simple working-class family[1.1.]. His interest in science was formed in childhood, and the educational and upbringing environment played an important role in this process. Love for books entered his thinking world early and accompanied him throughout his life.

In 1944, he enrolled in preparatory courses at the Central Asian State University. A year later, in 1945, he became a student at the Faculty of Oriental Studies of this higher educational institution. A. Urinbayev successfully graduated from the university in 1950 and began his career as a military translator in the same year.

Asomiddin Urinbaev began his scientific activity at the Abu Rayhon Beruni Institute of Oriental Studies of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan in 1953. His whole life was devoted to scientific research, the restoration of a rich heritage and its introduction into scientific circulation. From 1953 to 2009, he worked fruitfully in the fields of studying, translating, cataloguing and compiling catalogs of oriental manuscripts.

According to the information recorded in the National Encyclopedia of Uzbekistan, A. Urinbaev worked as a junior researcher at the Institute of Oriental Studies from 1953 to 1960. From 1960 to 1969, he worked as a senior researcher. From 1969 to 1987, he served as the head of the department at the institute. His activities in this area were of great importance in the scientific study of the heritage of oriental manuscripts and in bringing the spiritual wealth of our people to the wider public[2.1.].

From 1987 to 1993, Asomiddin Urinbayev served as the director of the Abu Raykhan Beruni Institute of Oriental Studies of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan. After that, in 1993-1994, he continued his work at the institute as the head of the department.

At the same time, when analyzing archival documents on the scientist's work, the following specific positions and dates were identified, which differ from the information recorded in some official sources:

- In 1953, he began working as a junior research fellow at the Institute of Oriental Studies of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan;
- Since December 1957, he worked as an acting senior research fellow;
- In July 1961, he was officially appointed to the position of senior research fellow[3.1.].

This information shows that A. Urinbayev's scientific and organizational activities developed gradually, and he not only carried out important work in the fields of manuscript study, translation, and cataloging, but also worked effectively in managing the institute[4.1.].

- Defense of his dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Historical Sciences in 1961;
- Head of the Department for the Study and Publication of 14th-15th Century Manuscripts from June 1969;
- Awarded the Medal of Labor Courage in 1970;
- From January 1974 to November 1987, he was head of the department called Scientific Classification of Oriental Manuscripts (the name of this department was changed to "Historical Studies and Cataloguing" in 1986)[5.1.];
- In 1984, he defended his dissertation for the degree of Doctor of Historical Sciences;
- Director of the Abu Raykhan Beruni Institute of Oriental Studies of the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan from November 1987 to September 1993[6.1.];
- 1989 "Honorary Labor" medal and the Abu Rayhan Beruni state award;
- In 1992, he was awarded the "Independence" breastplate;
- From June 1993 to 1994, Head of the Department of Historiography and Cataloging at the Institute of Oriental Studies of the Russian Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan;
- In 1993, he was awarded the Order of Honor of the Republic of Uzbekistan;
- 1994-1996, leading researcher at the Institute of Oriental Studies of the Russian Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan;
- From September 1999 to August 2000, he was a senior researcher at the Institute of Oriental Studies of the Russian Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan;
- In 1998, he was awarded the honorary title of the international "Golden Heritage" foundation[6.1.];
- In 2001, he was awarded the honorary title of "Honored Scientist of Uzbekistan".

Conclusion. Although books and encyclopedias that provide information about A. Urinbayev's scientific activities recognize the scientist as a person who studies the history of Amir Temur and the Timurid state, it became clear during the research that he also made a great contribution to the study of the history of the Kokand Khanate.

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